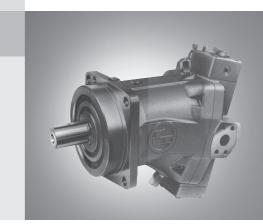
Variable displacement pump A7VO

RE 92 203/05.99 1/24 Replaces: 03.92

open circuit

Size 250...1000 Series 6 Nominal pressure 350 bar Peak pressure 400 bar



Contents

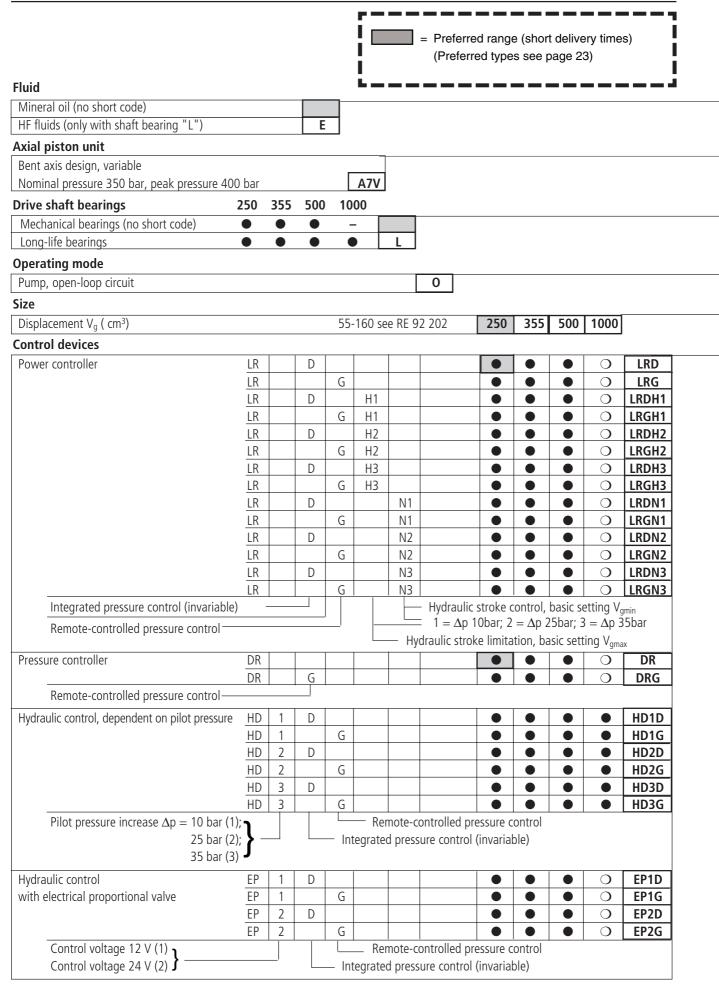
2, 3 Ordering code / standard range / preferred range 4, 5, 6 Technical data 7 Unit dimensions Size 250 Unit dimensions Size 355 8 Size 9 Unit dimensions 500 Unit dimensions Size 1000 10 Power controller LRD 11 with integrated pressure control LRD 12 13 with remote-controlled pressure control LRG with hydraulic stroke limitation V_{gmax} LRDH 14 with hydraulic stroke limitation $\mathbf{V}_{\mathrm{gmin}} \, \mathbf{LRDN}$ 15 Pressure controller DR 16 with remote-controlled pressure control DRG 17 Hydraulic control HDD 18 with pressure control HDD and HDG 19 Hydraulic control with electrical proportional valve EPD 20 with pressure control EPD and EPG 21 22 Visual and electrical swivel angle indication Preferred types 23

Features

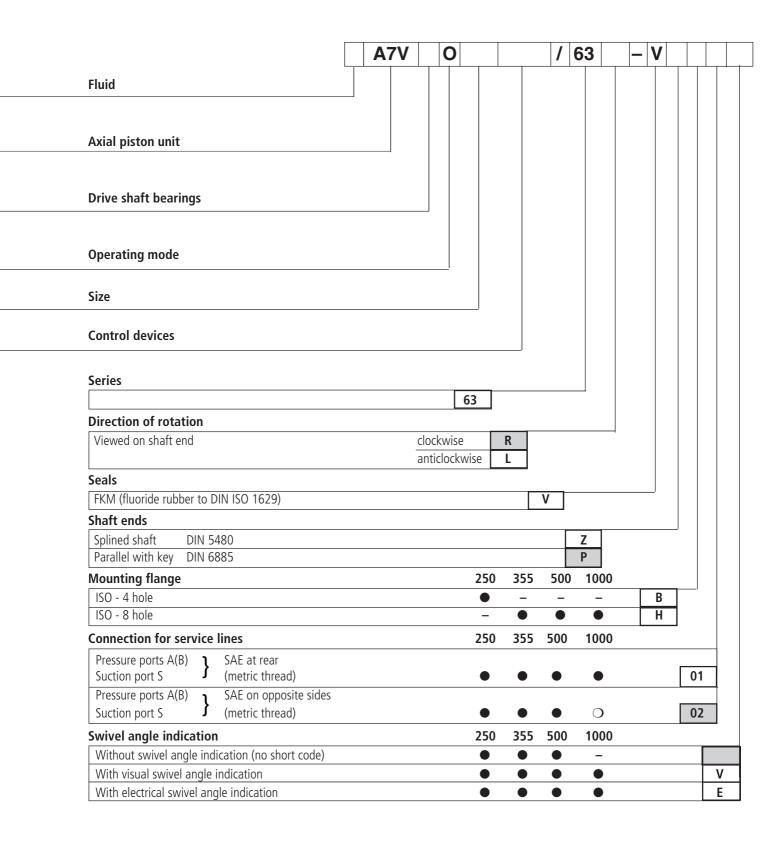
- Variable-displacement axial piston pump with bent axis for hydrostatic drives in open circuits
- Flow is proportional to drive speed and displacement. It can be infinitely varied by adjustment of the bent axis.
- Axial tapered piston rotary group of bent axis design
- Infinitely variable displacement
- Compact, robust bearing system designed for long service life
- Optional long-life bearings
- Good performance-to-weight ratio
- Low flywheel effect
- Large range of control devices
- Pressure control supplied as standard
- External controller adjustment during operation
- Optional visual or electrical swivel angle indication
- Can be installed in any position
- HF operation possible with reduced specifications
- Further information:

Variable displacement pump A7VO RE 92 202 Sizes 55 - 160

Ordering code



Ordering code



= available

O = in preparation

- = not available

Technical data

Hydraulic fluid

Before starting a project, please obtain detailed information on the choice of hydraulic fluids and application conditions from our catalogue data sheets RE 90220 (Mineral oil), RE 90221 (Environment-friendly hydraulic fluids) and RE 90223 (HF fluids).

Reduced operating data may have to be considered when using HF fluids and ecologically acceptable fluids. Please consult us. (when ordering, please print the full name of the hydraulic fluid used in your application)

Operating viscosity range

We recommend that you choose an operating viscosity (at operating temperature) in the optimal range for both the efficiency and service life of the unit, i.e.:

$$v_{\rm opt} = {\rm optimal\ operating\ viscosity\ 16\ ...\ 36\ mm^2/s}$$

(based on the tank temperature in the case of open circuit applications).

Viscosity limits

The limiting values for viscosity are as follows:

 $\nu_{min} = 10 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$

momentary, at max. permissible leakage oil temperature 90°C.

 $v_{max} = 1000 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$

momentary, during cold starting.

Temperature range (see selection diagram)

 $t_{min} = -25^{\circ}C$

 $t_{max} = 90^{\circ}C$

Note that the max. fluid temperature must not be exceeded at any point (e.g. around the bearings).

Filtration of hydraulic fluid

The finer the filtration, the higher the degree of purity achieved for the hydraulic fluid and the longer the service life of the axial piston unit. To ensure correct functioning of the axial piston unit, the following minimum purity grade for the hydraulic fluid is required:

9 to NAS 1638

18/15 to ISO/DIS 4406.

If the grades specified above cannot be maintained, please consult us.

Notes on the selection of hydraulic fluid

In order to select the correct hydraulic oil, it is necessary to know the operating temperature (open circuit: tank temperature) as a function of the ambient temperature.

The hydraulic oil should be selected so that in the operating temperature range the operating viscosity lies within the optimal range ($\nu_{opt.}$) — see shaded area of the selection graph. We recommend you to select the higher viscosity grade in each case.

Example:

at an ambient temperature of X°C, an operating temperature (open circuit: tank temperature) of 60°C is established.

In the optimal viscosity range (ν_{opt} , shaded area) , this temperature corresponds to viscosity grades VG 46 or VG 68. Select VG 68.

Important:

The leakage oil temperature is influenced by pressure and speed and is typically higher than the tank temperature. However, the temperature must not exceed the maximum of 90°C at any point in the system.

If it is not possible to comply with the above conditions on account of extreme operating parameters or high ambient temperatures, we recommend that the housing be flushed via port U.

Long-life bearings (L)

(For long service life and when using HF fluids)

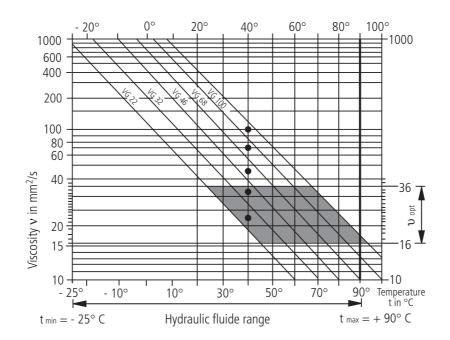
The external dimensions of the axial piston pump are identical with those of the version with mechanical bearings. Long-life bearings may be retrofitted in existing units. It is recommended that the bearings be flushed via port U.

Flushing

Quantities (recommended)

Size	250	355	500	1000	
q _{Rinse} (L/min)	10	16	20	25	

Selection chart



Technical data

(Valid for mineral oil operation; for water-based fluids see RE 90223, for ecologically acceptable fluids see RE 90221)

Input operating pressure range

Absolute pressure at port S (suction port)

P _{abs min}	_0.8 bar
P _{abs max} —	8 bar

The input pressure determines the starting point of the LR power characteristic as well as of the LR.H and LR.N control characteristic.

An increase of input pressure causes an increase of control start and therefore produces a parallel shift in the control characteristic.

Start of control is set by the manufacturer at $p_{abs} = 1$ bar.

Detailed informations of the change on request.

Output operating pressure range

Pressure at port A or B

Nominal pressure p_N _____ 350 bar Peak pressure p_{max} _____ 400 bar (Pressure data to DIN 24312)

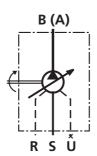
We recommend the use of a splined shaft (DIN 5480) for oscillating loads over 315 bar.

Direction of flow

Clockwise **S** to **B** Anticlockwise **S** to **A**

Symbol

(without control)

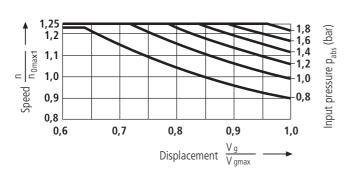


Ports

B (A) Service lines S Suction port R Case drain fluid

U Flushing port (For flushing the bearings)

Determination of input pressure p _{abs} at suction port S or reduction of displacement with increasing speed.



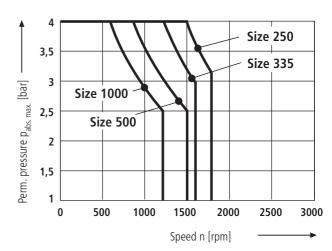
Case drain pressure

The lower the speed and case drain pressure, the longer the service life of the shaft seal.

FKM (fluoride rubber) shaft seal

The values specified in the diagram are permissible limit values for intermittent pressure loads acting on the shaft seal and should not be exceeded.

The service life of the shaft seal is reduced when subjected to purely stationary pressure loads close to the max. permissible case drain pressure.



Special operating conditions may make it necessary to restrict these values.

Important:

- Max. permissible speeds of variable displacement pump (see table of values on page 6)
- Max. permissible housing pressure abs. max ______ 4 ba
- The housing pressure determines the starting point of the HD and DR control characteristic.

Start of control is set by the manufacturer at $p_{abs} = 1$ bar.

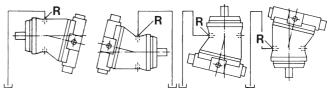
An increase of the housing pressure causes an increase of control start and therefore produces a parallel shift in the control characteristic. Detailed informations of the change on request.

- The housing pressure must be equal or greater than the external pressure on the shaft seal.

Installation position

Can be installed in any position. The pump housing must be filled with hydraulic fluid before commissioning and must remain filled during operation. The drain line must be routed so that the housing is not drained when the pump is stationary, i.e. the end of the drain line must be below the minimum oil level in the tank.

The highest drain port R must always be used for filling the housing and for connecting the drain line. R_1 or R_2 must be connected.



Technical data

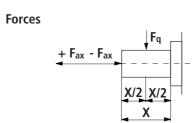
Table of values (theoretical values, regardless of η_{mh} and η_{n} ; approximate values)

Size		Size		250	355	500	1000
Displacement		$V_{g max}^{1}$)	cm³	250	355	500	1000
		$V_{g min}^{1}$)	cm³	0	0	0	0
Max. speed ²)	at $V_{g max}$	No max1	rpm	1500	1320	1200	950
Max. permissible speed	(speed limit) when $V_g < V_{g max}$						
or with higher input pre-	ssure p _{abs} at suction port S						
(see diagram on page 5))	$n_{o\ max\ perm.}$	rpm	1800	1600	1500	1200
Max. flow 3)	at n _{o max1} (V _{g max})	Qvo max1	L /min	364	455	582	922
Max. power							
$(\Delta p = 350 \text{ bar})$	at q _{vo max1}	$P_{o\;max1}$	kW	212	265	340	538
Permissible torque	in continuous operation						
at $V_{g max}$	$(\Delta p = 350 \text{ bar})$	T_{max}	Nm	1391	1976	2783	5565
Moment of inertia							
about the drive axis		J	kgm²	0.061	0.102	0.178	0.55
Weight, approx.		m	kg	102	173	234	450
Capacity			L	3	5	7	
Permissible loading of d	rive shaft: 4)						
Max. permissible axial for	$+ F_{ax max}$	N	4000	5000	6250	10000	
		- F ax max	Ν	1200	1500	1900	2600
Max. permissible radial	force (at p _{A,B} =1bar) ⁵)	F q max	N	1200	1500	1900	2600

¹) Standard setting for limitation of the swivel angle. Please specify in plain text if a different setting is required.

Setting ranges V_{gmax} : V_{gmax} to 0.8 V_{gmax} V_{gmin} : 0 to 0.2 V_{gmax}

- 2) The values apply for an absolute pressure (p_{abs}) of 1 bar
- 3) Including 3% flow losses
- ⁴) When stationary or during pressureless circulation of the axial piston unit
- ⁵) Please consult us in cases with combined loads (axial and radial forces) and higher operating pressures (higher values are permissible in such cases)



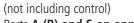
Determination of size

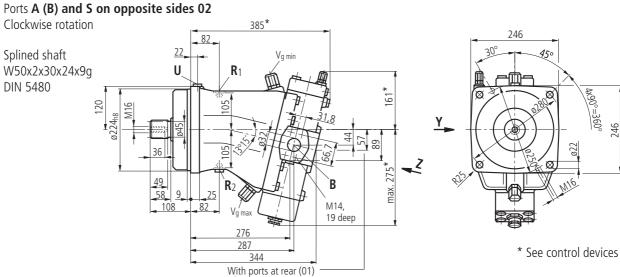
Flow $q_v = \frac{V_g \cdot n \cdot \eta_v}{1000} \qquad [L/min] \qquad V_g = \text{Geometric displacement [cm³] per revolution} \\ \Delta p = \text{Differential pressure [bar]} \\ n = \text{Speed [rpm]} \\ \eta_v = \text{Volumetric efficiency} \\ \eta_{mh} = \text{Mechanical-hydraulic efficiency} \\ \eta_{t} = \text{Total efficiency } (\eta_t = \eta_v \cdot \eta_{mh})$

Unit dimensions, size 250

Before finalising your design, please request certified assembly drawing.

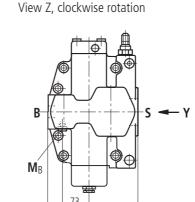
Subject to change without notice.





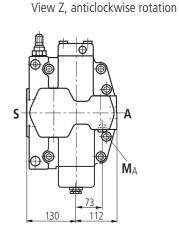
M16, 24 deep

View Y



Variation

Ports A (B) and S at rear (01)

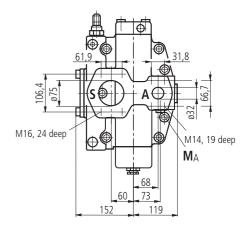


Variation Shaft end P Key AS 14 x 9 x 80 DIN 6885

31,8 B 61,9 61,9 M16, 24 deep M8, 24 deep

View Z, clockwise rotation

View Z, anticlockwise rotation



Ports

A,B	Pressure ports	SAE 1 1/4"	(High-pressure series)
S	Suction port	SAE 3"	(Standard pressure series)
U	Flushing port	M 14 x 1.5	(Plugged by manufacturer)
R _{1.2}	Case drain port	M 22 x 1.5	(R ₂ plugged by manufacturer)
M_A , M_B	Measuring ports (operating pressure)	M 14 x 1.5	(Plugged by manufacturer)

A,B

S

U

Pressure ports

Suction port

Flushing port

Case drain port

 $\mathbf{M_{A}}$, $\mathbf{M_{B}}$ Measuring ports (operating pressure) M 14 x 1.5

Unit dimensions, size 355

Before finalising your design, please request certified assembly drawing.

Subject to change without notice.

(not including control) Ports A (B) and S on opposite sides 02 Clockwise rotation 335 432* Splined shaft W60x2x30x28x9g \mathbf{R}_1 U DIN 5480 991 300 71 82 M16, 21 deep 315 * See control devices 387 With ports at rear (01) View Y View Z, clockwise rotation View Z, anticlockwise rotation Φ B-S ◍ M_B M_A M16, 21 deep 82 82 . 135 150 150 135 323

Variation Variation Shaft end P Ports A (B) and S at rear (01) Key AS 18 x 11 x 100 View Z, clockwise rotation View Z, anticlockwise rotation DIN 6885 36,5 M16, 21 deep M16, 24 deep M16, 24 deep M16, 21 deep M_A M_B 155 143 171 **Ports**

(High-pressure series)

(Standard pressure series)

(Plugged by manufacturer)

(R₂ plugged by manufacturer) (Plugged by manufacturer)

SAE 1 1/2"

SAE 3 1/2"

M 14 x 1.5

M 33 x 2

A,B

S

U

Pressure ports

Suction port

Flushing port

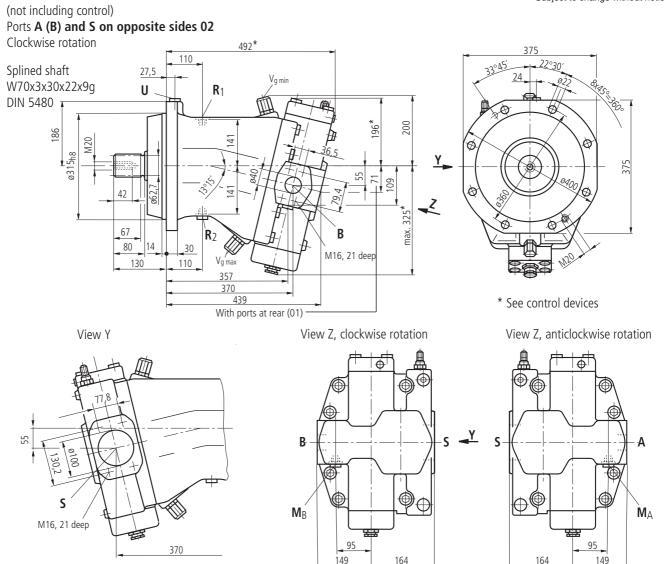
Case drain port

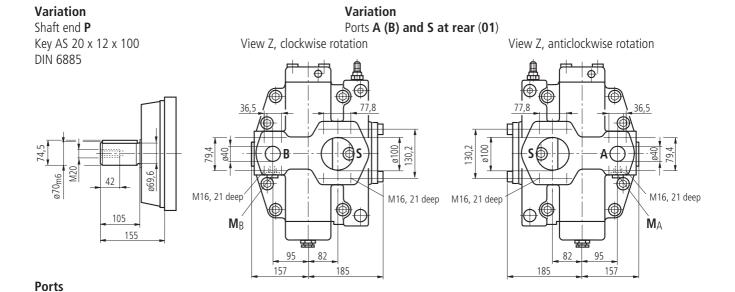
 M_{A} , M_{B} Measuring ports (operating pressure) M 14 x 1.5

Unit dimensions, size 500

Before finalising your design, please request certified assembly drawing.

Subject to change without notice.





(High-pressure series)

(Standard pressure series)

(Plugged by manufacturer)

(Plugged by manufacturer)

(R₂ plugged by manufacturer)

SAE 1 1/2"

M 18 x 1.5

M 33 x 2

SAE 4"

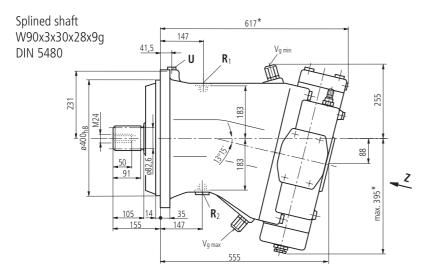
Unit dimensions, size 1000

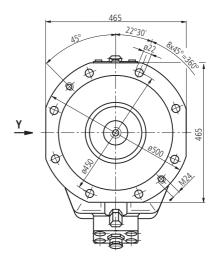
Before finalising your design, please request certified assembly drawing. Subject to change without notice.

(not including control)

Ports A (B) and S at rear 01

Anticlockwise rotation



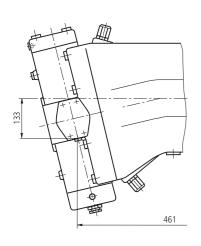


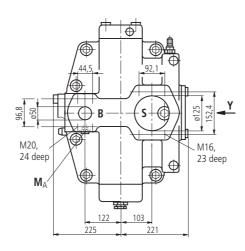
* See control devices

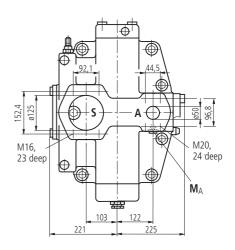
View Y

View Z, clockwise rotation

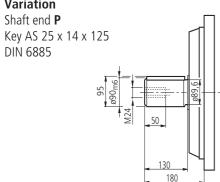
View Z, anticlockwise rotation







Variation



Ports	5
-------	---

. 0. 65			
A,B	Pressure ports	SAE 2"	(High-pressure series)
S	Suction port	SAE 5"	(Standard pressure series)
U	Flushing port	M 18 x 1.5	(Plugged by manufacturer)
$R_{1,2}$	Case drain port	M 42 x 2	(R ₂ plugged by manufacturer)
	Measuring ports (operating pressure)	M 14 x 1.5	(Plugged by manufacturer)

LRD Power controller, with integrated pressure control, initial setting $\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{qmax}}$

Power control

The power controller permits optimum utilization of the drive power by matching it precisely with the hyperbolic characteristic.

The power controller adjusts the pump displacement in accordance with the operating pressure so that a given drive power is not exceeded at constant drive speed.

Operating pressure p • displacement V_g = constant drive power

The operating pressure acts on a lever mechanism via the measuring spool in the positioning piston. It is offset by the externally set spring force which acts on the pilot valve and determines the power setting.

The pump is maintained at the maximum displacement $V_{gmax'}$ since the operating pressure is also present on the small side of the piston.

When the operating pressure exceeds the set spring force, the pilot valve is actuated via the lever mechanism, the larger piston area is supplied with positioning pressure and the pump swivels towards the smaller displacement $V_{gmin}.$ This in turn reduces the effective moment on the lever mechanism and the operating pressure can increase in the same ratio by which the output flow is reduced (p • $V_{\alpha} = constant$).

Power control can be set to start between 50 and 300 bar.

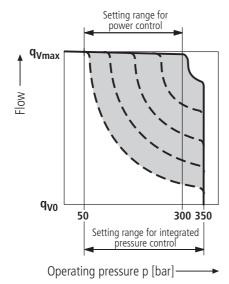
When ordering, please specify in plain text:

Drive power P (kW)

Drive speed n (rpm)

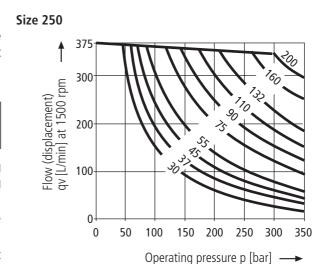
Max. flow q_{v max} (L/min)

Characteristic

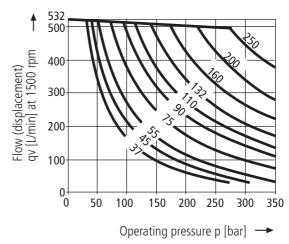


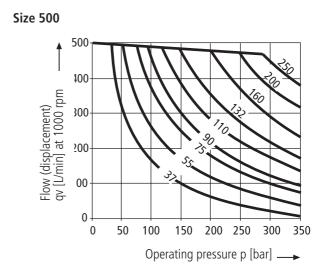
Integrated pressure control is supplied as standard and overrides the power control. Description see page 12.

Power characteristics in kW



Size 355





Circuit diagram and unit dimensions, see page 12.

LRD Integrated pressure control, initial setting V_{qmax}

Before finalising your design, please request certified assembly drawing. Subject to change without notice.

Pressure control overrides power control.

It protects the pump against excessive pressure and damage.

The pressure control valve is integrated into the port plate and can be set externally.

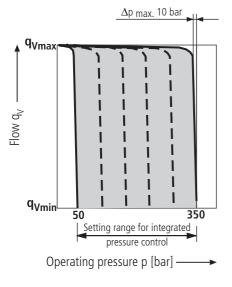
The pump adjusts in direction of minimum displacement upon reaching the set required pressure.

Pressure control can be set to start between 50 and 350 bar.

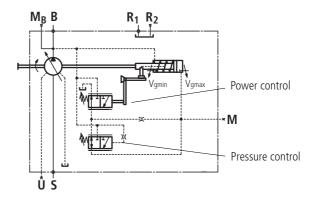
Please specify the pressure control setting (bar) in plain text when ordering.

The pressure relief valve included in the system to safeguard the maximum pressure must have a cracking pressure at least 20 bar above the control setting.

Characteristic

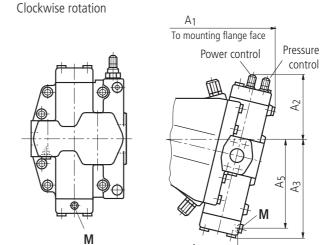


Circuit diagram, power controller with integrated pressure control



Unit dimensions

General dimensions on pages 7-9.



Anticlockwise rotation

A1

To mounting flange face

Power control

A4

To mounting flange face

To mounting flange face

Ports

M Measuring ports (Positioning pressure) M 14 x 1.5 (plugged)

Unit dimensions

Size	A_1	A_2	A_3	A_4	A_{5}
250	385	170	248	297	227
355	430	175	279	333	257
500	490	200	306	382	284

Variation LRG with remote-controlled pressure control, initial setting V_{gmax}

Before finalising your design, please request certified assembly drawing. Subject to change without notice.

The remote-controlled pressure control adjusts the pump in direction of minimum displacement $V_{\rm gmin}$ upon reaching the set required pressure.

It overrides the power control.

The integrated pressure control valve is controlled by a pressure relief valve (not supplied) which is located separate from the pump.

The integrated pressure control valve is uniformly supplied with pressure from both sides in addition to the spring force (pressure balance in a state of equilibrium) until the required pressure of the separate pressure limiting valve is reached.

The required pressure on the separate pressure limiting valve lies between 50 and 350 bar.

When the required pressure is reached on the separate pressure limiting valve, it opens and the pressure on the spring side of the integrated pressure control valve is reduced to tank. The integrated pressure control valve switches (pressure balance no longer in a state of equilibrium) and the pump swivels in direction of minimum displacement $V_{\rm omin}$.

The differential pressure on the integrated pressure control valve is set to 25 bar as standard. The consumption of control oil is then approx. 2 L/min. Please specify in plain text if a different setting (range 14 to 50 bar) is required.

The following are recommended for use as separate pressure limiting valve:

DBD 6 (hydraulic) as per RE 25402

DBETR-SO 437 with damped piston (electric) as per RE 29166

The max. line length should not exceed 2 m.

Qvmin Setting range for remotecontrolled pressure control Operating pressure p [bar]

Ports

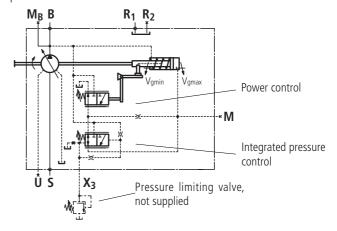
 $\mathbf{X_3}$ Port for separate pressure limiting valve

M Measuring port, positioning pressure (plugged)

Unit dimensions

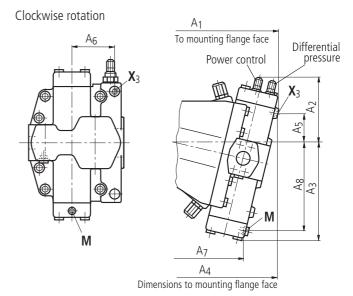
									Ports
Size	$\mathbf{A}_{_{1}}$	A_2	A_3	A_4	A_5	A_6	A_7	A_8	X ₃ , M
250	385	170	248	380	74	112	297	227	M14 x 1.5
355	430	175	279	425	82	131	333	257	M14 x 1.5
500	490	200	306	483	96	142	382	284	M14 x 1.5

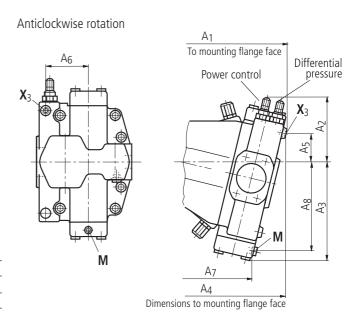
Circuit diagram, power controller with remote-controlled pressure control



Unit dimensions

General dimensions on pages 7-9.





Variation LRD \mathbf{H} with hydraulic stroke limitation, initial setting V_{qmax}

Before finalising your design, please request certified assembly drawing. Subject to change without notice.

Hydraulic stroke limitation is used for infinite adjustment of the flow between $V_{\rm cmax}$ and $V_{\rm cmin}$.

It is overriden by the power control.

Displacement is set by the pilot pressure applied at port X_1 .

Max. permissible pilot pressure p_{Stmax} ______ 100 bar Control oil loss _____ approx. 0.3 L/min

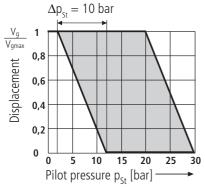
Hydraulic pressure limitation takes the required positioning pressure from the high pressure. It must be noted that the operating pressure requires at least 40 bar.

If the pressure is lower, the pump must be supplied with an external positioning pressure of at least 40 bar via port X_2 .

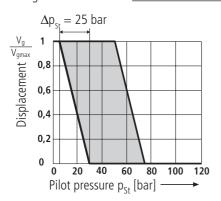
The start of control can be adjusted.

Please specify the start of control (bar) in plain text when ordering.

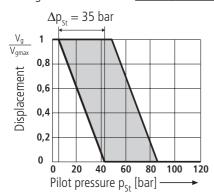
H1 Δp_{St} for hydraulic stoke adjustment _____ 10 bar Start of control, variable _____ 2 - 20 bar Standard setting for start of control _____ 5 bar



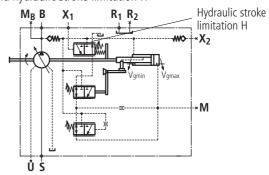
H2 Δp_{St} for hydraulic stoke adjustment _____ 25 bar Start of control, variable _____ 5 - 50 bar Standard setting for start of control _____ 10 bar



H3 Δp_{St} for hydraulic stoke adjustment _____ 35 bar Start of control, variable _____ 7 - 50 bar Standard setting for start of control _____ 10 bar

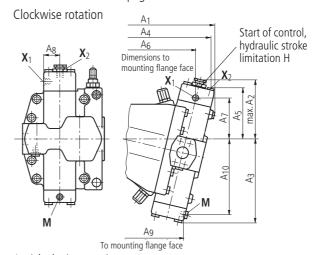


Circuit diagram, power controller with integrated pressure control and hydraulic stroke limitation H



Unit dimensions

General dimensions on pages 7-9.



Anticlockwise rotation

A1

A4

335

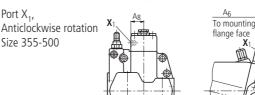
Dim. to mount. flange face

X1 (Size 250 shown)

M

A9

To mounting flange face



	Ports, see page 15. Unit dimensions Ports											
Size	\mathbf{A}_{1}	A_2	A_3	A_4	A_5	A_6	A_7	A_8	A_9	A ₁₀	X ₁ *, M	X_2
250	385	188	248	370	144	327	123	49	297	227	M 14 x 1.5	M 14 x 1.5
355	432	203	279	416	157	366	137	54	333	257	M 14 x 1.5	M 14 x 1.5
500	490	215	306	470	169	417	148	61.5	382	284	M 14 x 1.5	M 18 x 1.5
* For	size 25	50 and	anticlo	ockwise	e rotati	on, fla	red scr	ew fittii	ng BO-	-RSWV	8SMWD pipe dia	a. 8 DIN 2391

Variation LRD \mathbf{N} with hydraulic stroke limitation, initial setting \mathbf{V}_{gmin}

Before finalising your design, please request certified assembly drawing. Subject to change without notice.

Hydraulic stroke limitation is used for infinite adjustment of the flow between V_{amin} and V_{amax}.

It is overriden by the power control.

Displacement is set by the pilot pressure applied at port X_1 .

Max. permissible pilot pressure p_{Stmax} _____ 100 bar Control oil loss approx. 0.3 L/min

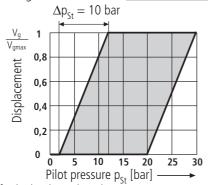
A pressure of 40 bar is required for hydraulic stroke limitation. The required positioning oil is taken from the high pressure side.

An external positioning pressure is not required when the operating pressure > 40 bar and $V_{gmin} >$ 0. Port X_2 must be plugged before commissioning in this case. In all other cases, an external positioning pressure of at least 40 bar must be connected to port X_2 .

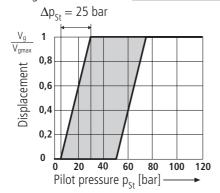
The start of control can be varied.

Please specify the start of control (bar) in plain text when ordering.

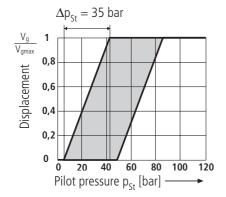
N1 Δp_{s_t} for hydraulic stoke adjustment _ 10 bar Start of control, variable 2 - 20 bar Standard setting for start of control 5 bar



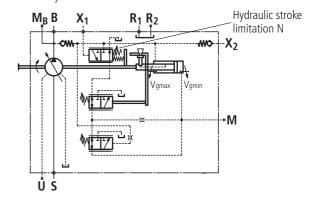
N2 Δp_{st} for hydraulic stoke adjustment 25 bar Start of control, variable 5 - 50 bar Standard setting for start of control 10 bar



N3 Δp_{St} for hydraulic stoke adjustment _____ 35 bar 7 - 50 bar Start of control, variable 10 bar Standard setting for start of control



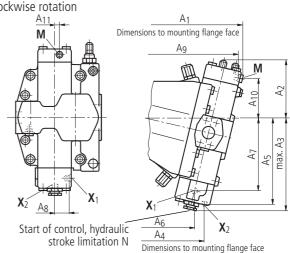
Circuit diagram, power controller with integrated pressure control and hydraulic stroke limitation N



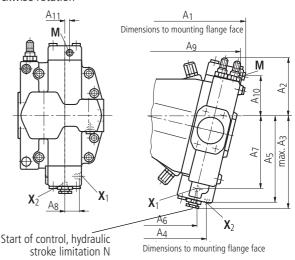
Unit dimensions

General dimensions on pages 7-9.

Clockwise rotation



Anticlockwise rotation



Ports

Pilot pressure port

External positioning pressure port (plugged in variation LR.H)

Measuring port, positioning pressure (plugged)

Unit dimensions										Por	ts		
Size	A_{1}	Α,	A۹	$A_{\underline{A}}$	A _s	A_6	Α,	A ₈	A۹	A ₁₀	A,,	X ₁ , M	Χ,
250	385	170	275	276	248	248	210	49	377	116	14	M14 x 1.5	M14 x 1.5
355	430	175	300	315	275	278	234	54	425	132	20	M14 x 1.5	M14 x 1.5
500	492	200	325	359	300	322	258	61.5	483	144	20	M14 x 1.5	M18 x 1.5

DR Pressure controller, initial setting V_{gmax}

Before finalising your design, please request certified assembly drawing. Subject to change without notice.

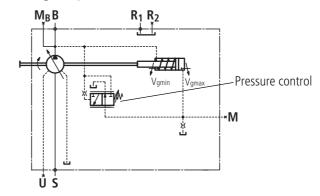
The pressure controller maintains the pressure in a hydraulic system constant within its control range despite the changing pump flow requirements. The variable displacement pump supplies only the volume of fluid required by the consumers. The pump automatically adjusts in direction of minimum displacement when the operating pressure exceeds the required pressure set on the integrated pressure control valve.

Pressure control can be set to start between 50 and 350 bar.

Please specify the pressure control setting (bar) in plain text when ordering.

A pressure relief valve included in the system to safeguard the maximum pressure must have a cracking pressure at least 20 bar above the control setting.

Circuit diagram, pressure controller

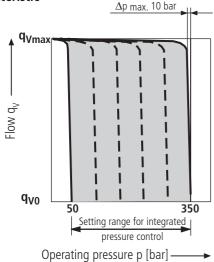


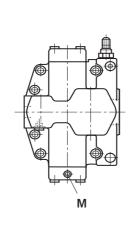
Unit dimensions

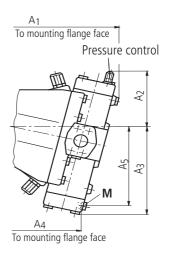
General dimensions on pages 7-9.

Clockwise rotation









Anticlockwise rotation

PortsM Measuring ports (Positioning pressure) M 14 x 1.5 (plugged)

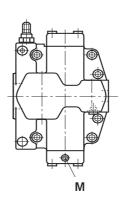
 Size
 A₁
 A₂
 A₃
 A₄
 A₅

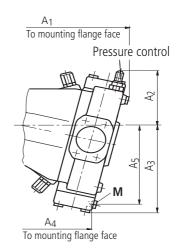
 250
 385
 161
 248
 297
 227

 355
 430
 175
 279
 333
 257

 500
 490
 200
 306
 382
 284

Unit dimensions





Variation DRG Remote-controlled pressure control, initial setting V_{qmax}

Before finalising your design, please request certified assembly drawing. Subject to change without notice.

Port X₃ is additionally installed for remote pressure control The pressure limiting valve located separately from the pump is connected to this port. The pressure limiting valve is not supplied with the DRG.

The integrated pressure control valve is uniformly supplied with pressure from both sides in addition to the spring force (pressure balance in a state of equilibrium) until the required pressure of the separate pressure limiting valve is reached.

The required pressure lies between 50 and 350 bar.

RE 92 203/05.99 | A7VO

When the required pressure is reached on the separate pressure limiting valve, it opens and the pressure on the spring side of the integrated pressure control valve is reduced to tank. The integrated pressure control valve switches (pressure balance no longer in a state of equilibrium) and the pump swivels in direction of minimum displacement V_{amin}.

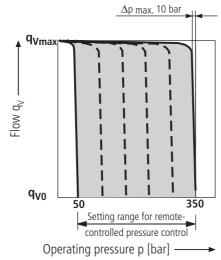
The differential pressure on the integrated pressure control valve is set to 25 bar as standard. The consumption of control oil is then approx. 2 L/min. Please specify in plain text if a different setting (range 14 to 50 bar) is required.

The following are recommended for use as separate pressure limiting valve:

> DBD 6 (hydraulic) as per RE 25402 DBETR-SO 437 with damped piston (electric) as per RE 29166

The max. line length should not exceed 2 m.

Characteristic

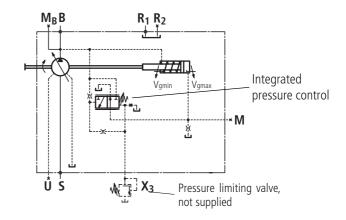


Ports

Port for separate pressure limiting valve X, Measuring port, positioning pressure (plugged)

Unit	dime	Ports							
Size	\mathbf{A}_{1}	A_2	A_3	A_4	A_{5}	A_6	A_7	A_8	X ₃ , M
250	385	161	248	380	74	112	297	227	M 14 x 1.5
355	430	175	279	425	82	131	333	257	M 14 x 1.5
500	490	200	306	483	96	142	382	284	M 14 x 1.5

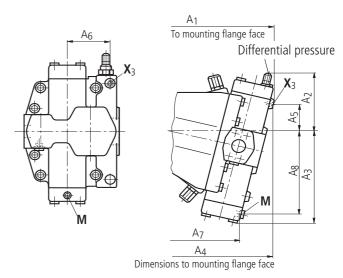
Circuit diagram, pressure controller with remote control



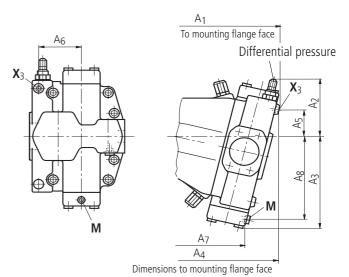
Unit dimensions

General dimensions on pages 7-9.

Clockwise rotation



Anticlockwise rotation



HD.D Hydraulic control, dependent on pilot pressure, initial setting V_{gmin}

Before finalising your design, please request certified assembly drawing. Subject to change without notice.

Pressure-dependent hydraulic control permits infinitely variable adjustment of the pump displacement in accordance with the pilot pressure. The adjustment is proportional to the pilot pressure applied to port X_1 .

A pressure of 40 bar is required for adjustment. The required positioning oil is taken from the high pressure side.

An external positioning pressure is not required when the operating pressure > 40 bar and $\rm V_{gmin}>$ 0. Port $\rm X_2$ must be plugged before commissioning in this case.

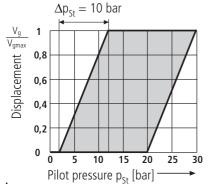
In all other cases, an external positioning pressure of at least 40 bar must be connected to port X_2 .

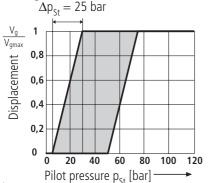
Max. permissible pilot pressure p_{Stmax} ______ 100 bar Control oil loss _____ approx. 0.3 L/min

The start of control can be adjusted.

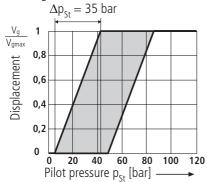
Please specify the start of control (bar) in plain text when ordering.

HD1D Δp_{St} _____ 10 bar Start of control, variable _____ 2 - 20 bar Standard setting for start of control _____ 5 bar



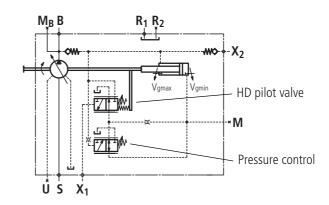


HD3D Δp_{st} _____ 35 bar Start of control, variable _____ 7 - 50 bar Standard setting for start of control ______ 10 bar



Integrated pressure control is supplied as standard Description, see page 19.

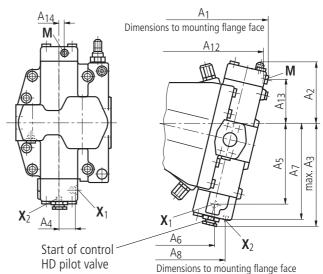
Circuit diagram, hydraulic control dependent on pilot pressure



Unit dimensions

General dimensions on pages 7-10.

Clockwise rotation



Anticlockwise rotation

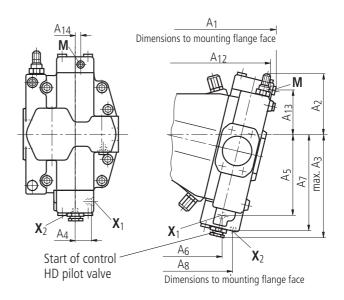


Table of dimensions and ports, see page 19.

HD.D Integrated pressure control / HD.G with remote-controlled pressure control, initial setting V_{gmin}

Before finalising your design, please request certified assembly drawing. Subject to change without notice.

HD.D

Pressure control overrides the HD function and protects the pump against excessive pressure and damage. The pressure control valve is integrated into the port plate and can be set externally. The pump adjusts in direction of minimum displacement upon reaching the set required pressure.

Pressure control can be set to start between 50 and 350 bar.

Please specify the pressure control setting (bar) in plain text when ordering.

The pressure relief valve included in the system to safeguard the maximum pressure must have a cracking pressure at least 20 bar above the control setting.

Circuit diagram, see page 18.

HD.G

The remote-controlled pressure control adjusts the pump in direction of minimum displacement V_{qmin} upon reaching the set required pressure.

The integrated pressure control valve is controlled by a pressure relief valve (not supplied) which is located separate from the pump.

The integrated pressure control valve is uniformly supplied with pressure from both sides in addition to the spring force (pressure balance in a state of equilibrium) until the required pressure of the separate pressure limiting valve is reached.

The required pressure lies between 50 and 350 bar.

When the required pressure is reached on the separate pressure limiting valve, it opens and the pressure on the spring side of the integrated pressure control valve is reduced to tank. The integrated pressure control valve switches (pressure balance no longer in a state of equilibrium) and the pump swivels in direction of minimum displacement $V_{\rm cmin}$.

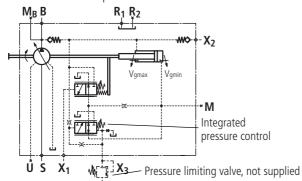
The differential pressure on the integrated pressure control valve is set to 25 bar as standard. The consumption of control oil is then approx. 2 L/min. Please specify in plain text if a different setting (range 14 to 50 bar) is required.

The following are recommended for use as separate pressure limiting valve: DBD 6 (hydraulic) as per RE 25402

DBETR-SO 437 with damped piston (electric) as per RE 29166

The max. line length should not exceed 2 m.

Circuit diagram, hydraulic control dependent on pilot pressure with remote-controlled pressure control



Ports

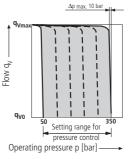
X, Pilot pressure port

X₂ External positioning pressure port

X, Port for separate pressure limiting valve (HDG)

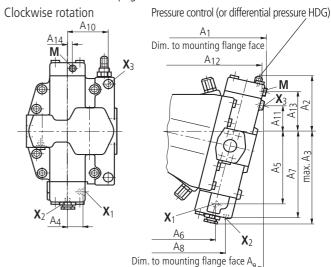
M Measuring port, positioning pressure (plugged)

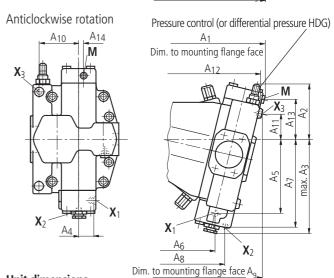
Characteristic



Unit dimensions

General dimensions on pages 7-10





Unit dimensions Size A 385 161 248 276 74 250 275 49 210 248 380 112 432 181 300 54 234 278 275 315 425 131 355 82 500 492 200 325 61.5 258 322 300 359 483 142 96 **1000** 617 255 395 70 325 416 371 462 599 176 84

				Ports		
Size	A ₁₂	A ₁₃	A_{14}	X_1	\mathbf{X}_{2}	X ₃ , M
250	377	116	14	M14x1.5	M14x1.5	M14x1.5
355	425	132	20	M14x1.5	M14x1.5	M14x1.5
500	483	144	20	M14x1.5	M18x1.5	M14x1.5
1000	610	180	25	M14x1.5	M18x1.5	M14x1.5

EP.D Hydraulic control with electrical proportional valve, initial setting V_{gmin}

700mA

Before finalising your design, please request certified assembly drawing. Subject to change without notice.

Hydraulic control permits infinitely variable adjustment of the pump displacement.

The displacement is set proportional to the current applied to the solenoid of the proportional pressure-reducing valve DRE 4 K (see RE 29181), i.e. the displacement increases with increasing current intensity.

Various amplifiers from the Rexroth range are available for controlling the proportional valve, see RE 29181.

A pressure of 40 bar is required for adjustment. The required positioning oil is taken from the high pressure side.

An external positioning pressure is not required when the operating pressure > 40 bar and $V_{gmin} >$ 0. Port X_2 must be plugged before commissioning in this case.

In all other cases, an external positioning pressure of at least 40 bar must be connected to port X_2 .

A positioning pressure of 30 bar is required at port P to actuate the proportional valve DR4K.

Positioning pressure at port P

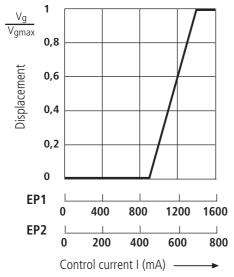
24V

required p _r	nin			30 bar
p _{max}				100 bar
Model	Control voltage	Control current		
	(DC)	Start of control	-	End of control
EP 1	12V	900mA	_	1400mA

450mA

Type of protection IP 65

EP**2**



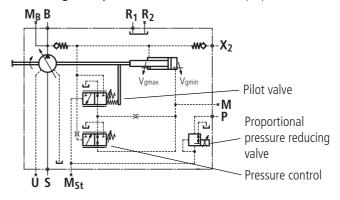
Integrated pressure control EP.**D** is supplied as standard and overrides EP. Description, see page 21.

Unit dimensions

Size A ₁	\mathbf{A}_{2}	A_3	A_4	A_{5}	A_6	A ₇	A_8	A_9	A ₁₀	A ₁₁	A ₁₂
250 385	161	275	115	248	276	238	241	36	112	380	74
355 432	181	300	116	275	315	268	286	36	131	425	82
500 492	200	325	123	300	359	294	328	43	142	483	96

						Ports	
Size A ₁₃	A ₁₄	A ₁₅	A ₁₆	A ₁₇	A ₁₈	P, X ₃ (EPG), M, M _{st}	X_2
250 377	116	14	248	210	49	M14x1.5	M14x1.5
355 425	132	20	278	234	54	M14x1.5	M14x1.5
500 483	144	20	322	258	61.5	M14x1.5	M18x1.5

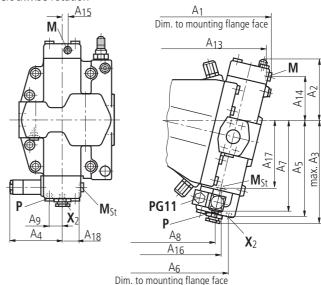
Circuit diagram, hydraulic control with electrical proportional valve



Unit dimensions

General dimensions on pages 7-9.

Clockwise rotation



Anticlockwise rotation

A1

Dim. to mounting flange face

A13

PG11

PA9

A2

A8

A16

A6

A6

Dim. to mounting flange face

Ports

- P Positioning pressure port
- **X**₂ External positioning pressure port
- X₃ Port for separate pressure limiting valve (EPG)
- **M** Measuring port, positioning pressure (plugged)
- **M**_s, Measuring port, pilot pressure (plugged)

EP.D Integrated pressure control / EP.G with remote-controlled pressure control, initial setting V_{gmin}

Before finalising your design, please request certified assembly drawing. Subject to change without notice.

EP.D Integrated pressure control

Pressure control overrides the ED function and protects the pump against excessive pressure and damage. The pressure control valve is integrated into the port plate and can be set externally. The pump adjusts in direction of minimum displacement upon reaching the set required pressure.

Pressure control can be set to start between 50 and 350 bar.

Please specify the pressure control setting (bar) in plain text when ordering.

The pressure relief valve included in the system to safeguard the maximum pressure must have a cracking pressure at least 20 bar above the control setting.

Circuit diagram, see page 20.

EP.G with remote-controlled pressure control

The remote-controlled pressure control adjusts the pump in direction of minimum displacement V_{gmin} upon reaching the set required pressure.

The integrated pressure control valve is controlled by a pressure relief valve (not supplied) which is located separate from the pump.

The integrated pressure control valve is uniformly supplied with pressure from both sides in addition to the spring force (pressure balance in a state of equilibrium) until the required pressure of the separate pressure limiting valve is reached.

The required pressure lies between 50 and 350 bar.

When the required pressure is reached on the separate pressure limiting valve, it opens and the pressure on the spring side of the integrated pressure control valve is reduced to tank. The integrated pressure control valve switches (pressure balance no longer in a state of equilibrium) and the pump swivels in direction of minimum displacement $V_{\rm nmin}$.

The differential pressure on the integrated pressure control valve is set to 25 bar as standard. The consumption of control oil is then approx. 2 L/min. Please specify in plain text if a different setting (range 14 to 50 bar) is required.

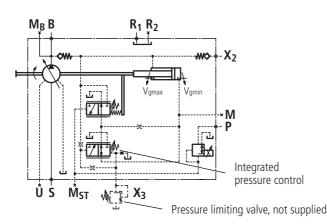
The following are recommended for use as separate pressure limiting valve:

DBD 6 (hydraulic) as per RE 25402

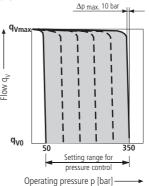
DBETR-SO 437 with damped piston (electric) as per RE 29166

The max. line length should not exceed 2 m.

Circuit diagram, hydraulic control with electrical proportional valve and remote-controlled pressure control



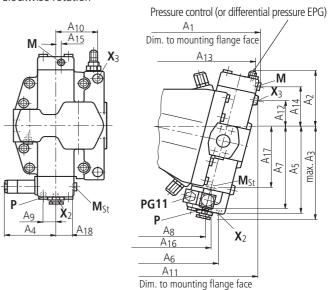
Characteristic



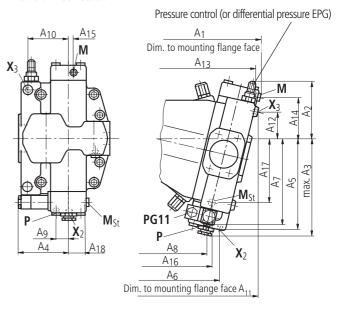
Unit dimensions

General dimensions on pages 7-9.

Clockwise rotation



Anticlockwise rotation



Pressure limiting valve, not supplied Table of dimensions and ports, see page 20.

V Visual swivel angle indication / E Electrical swivel angle indication

Before finalising your design, please request certified assembly drawing. Subject to change without notice.

V Visual swivel angle indication

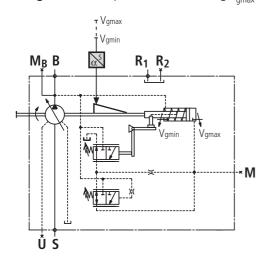
The swivel position is indicated by a pin at the side of the port plate (cap nut must be removed).

The protruding length of the pin varies in accordance with the position of the control cam.

The pump is at **zero** when it is **flush with the port plate**.

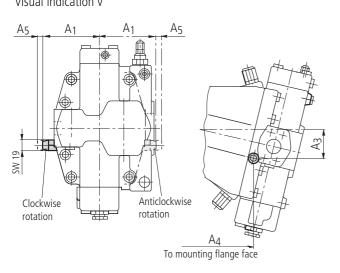
The **length of the pin is approx. 8 mm** when swivelled to maximum V_{gmax} .

Circuit diagram, for example LRD – initial setting V_{omax}



Unit dimensions

General dimensions on pages 7-10. Visual indication V



Unit dimensions

Size	\mathbf{A}_{1}	\mathbf{A}_{2}	A_3	A_4	A_5^*
250	136.5	182	73	238	11
355	159.5	205	84	266	11
500	172.5	218	89	309	11
1000	208.5	254	114	402	11

^{*} Value for removal of the cap nut

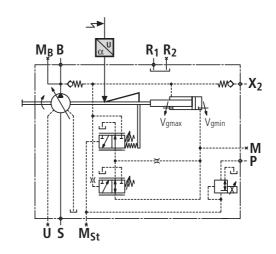
E Electrical swivel angle indication

The pump position is indicated via an inductive position transducer in this case.

The transducer transforms displacement of the control device into an electrical signal via which the swivel position can be fed to an amplifier card, for example.

Inductive position transducer type IW9 - 03 - 01

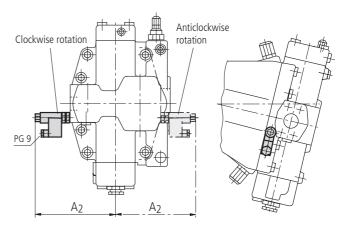
Circuit diagram, for example EPD - initial setting V_{amin}



Unit dimensions

General dimensions on pages 7-10.

Electrical indication E



Preferred types

Preferred types (shorter delivery periods), please specify type and Ident number when ordering Type Ident No.					
A7V O 250 DR/63R-VPB02	934705				
A7V O 250 LRD/63R-VPB02	940153				

Notes

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